5 June 2014

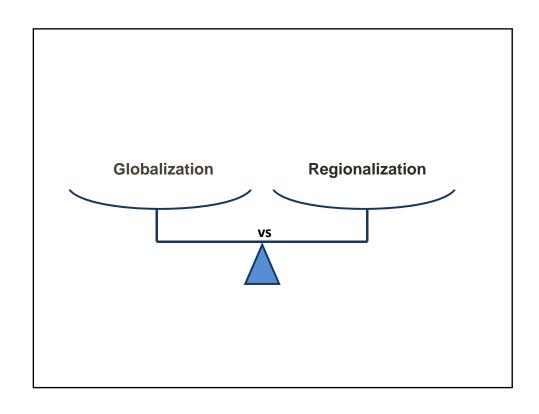


Transport and Logistics in the Baltic Sea Region: Globalisation vs Regionalisation

Igor Kabashkin

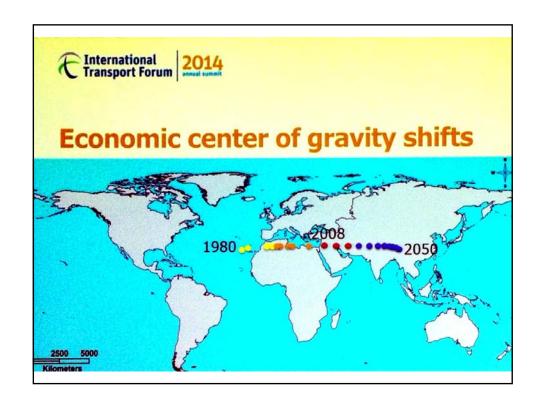
Dr.hab.sc.ing., Professor

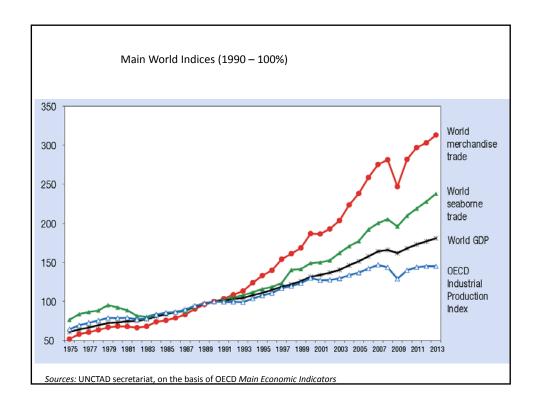
President of Latvian Transport Development and
Education Association (Riga, Latvia)

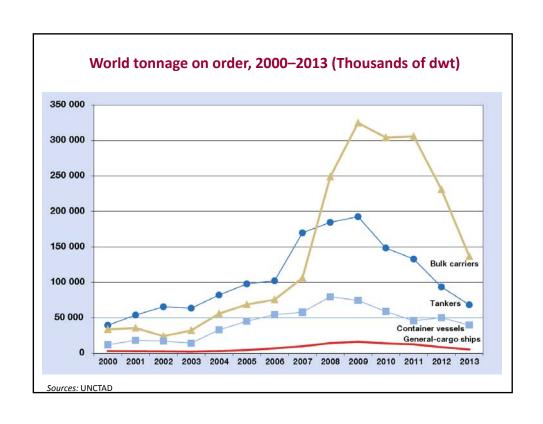


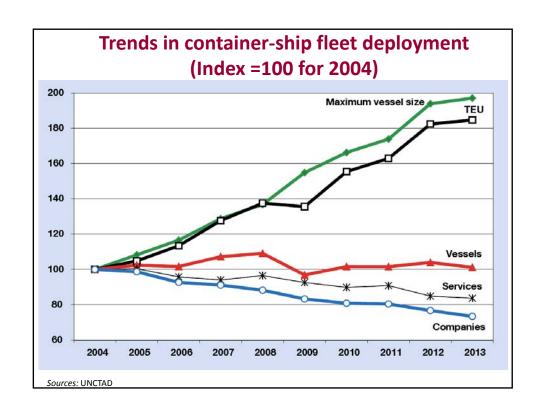
Globalization

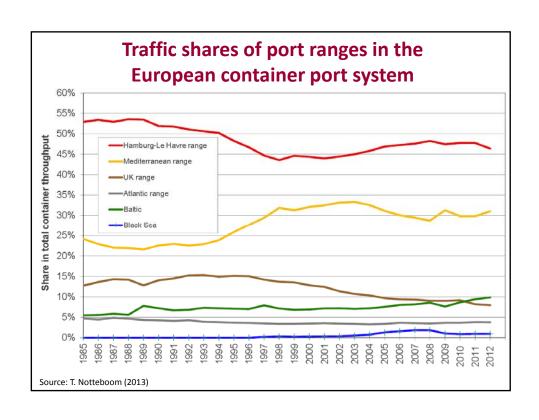
- Economic center of gravity shifts
- Growth and limitation of containerization
- Deployment of «green» transport
- CO-OMPETITION = Co-operation + competition

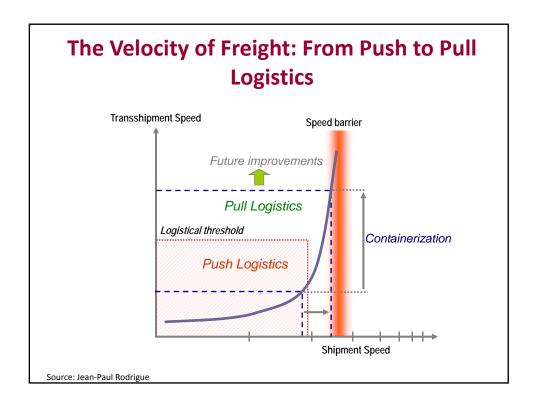










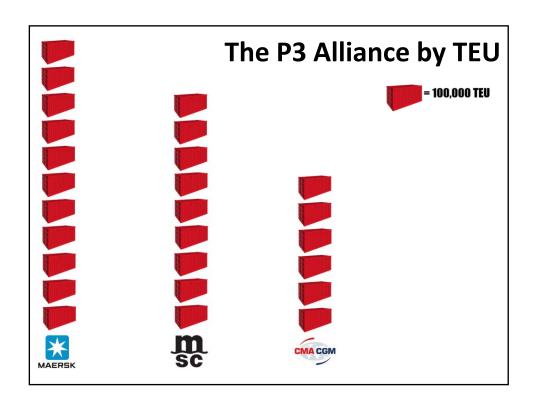


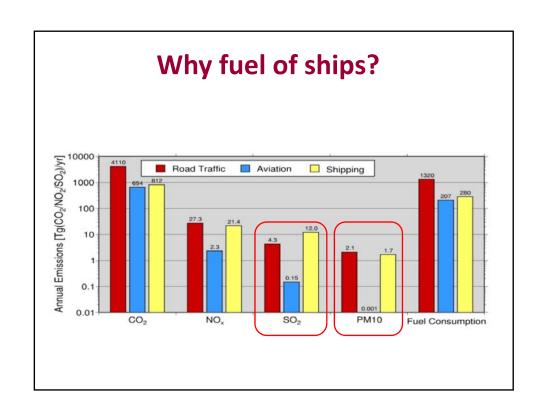
CO-OMPETITION =

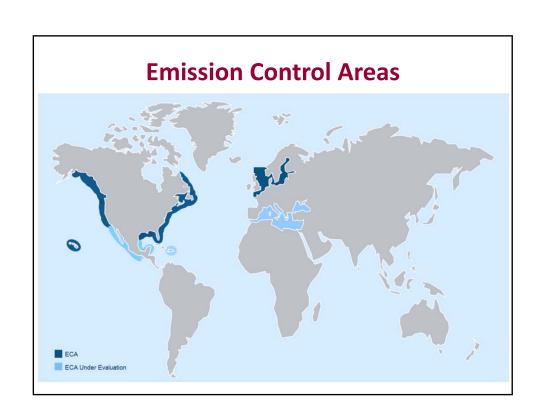
= Co-operation + competiton at all levels

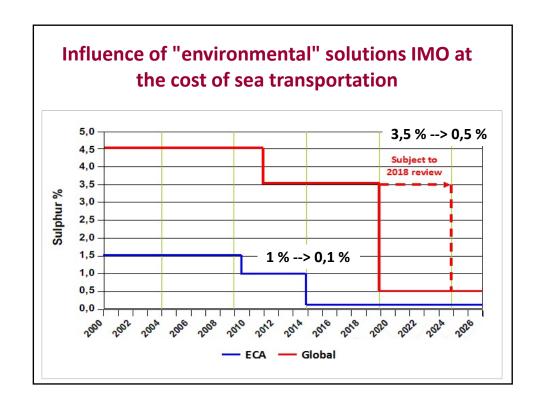
- Countries (governmental)
- Local/municipal (ports, transport infrastructure,...)
- Organization (BPO, IMO, ..., associations)
- Sector
- Enterprises

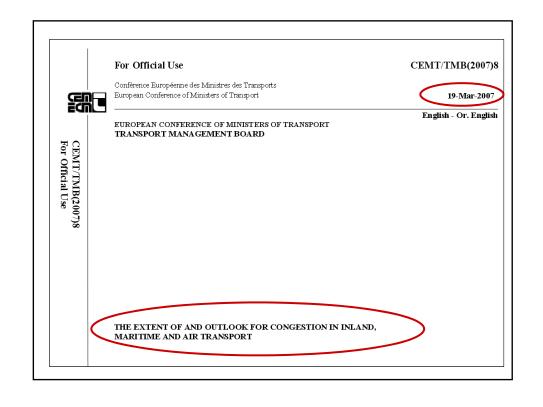












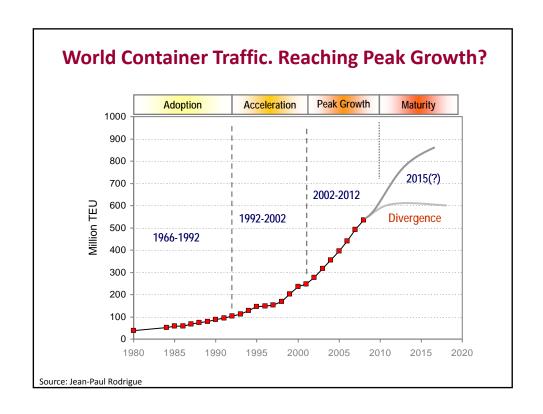
The largest ships in service



The largest ships in service, 3 built for Maersk in 2006, have a capacity of **14 500** TEU.

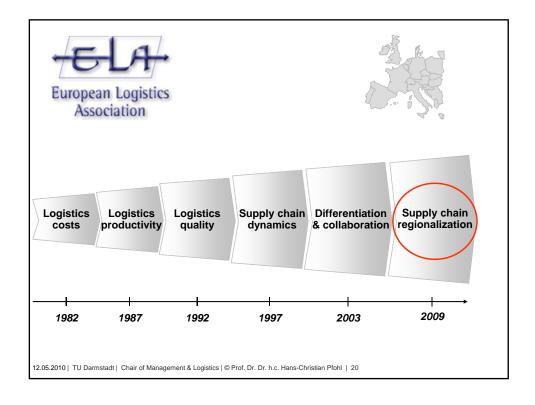
The next step up in size will be the Malaccamax ship, carrying 18 000 TEU with a displacement of 200 000 tons, 470m long, 60m wide, 16m draft, equipped with more than 100 MW power to reach 25 knots.

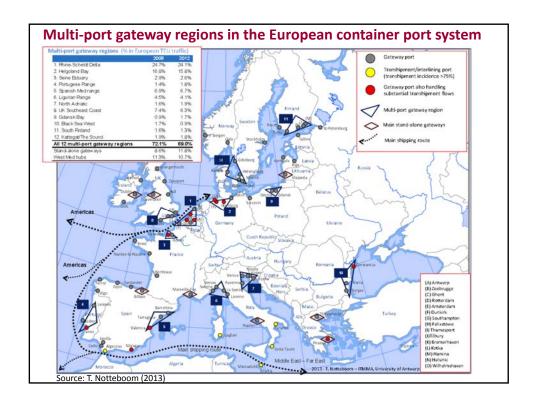
This is the limit without major restructuring of world trade routes, i.e. still larger vessels would not be able to pass either the Malacca straights or the Suez Canal.

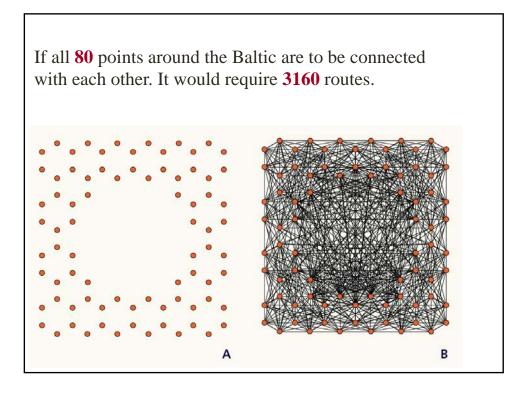


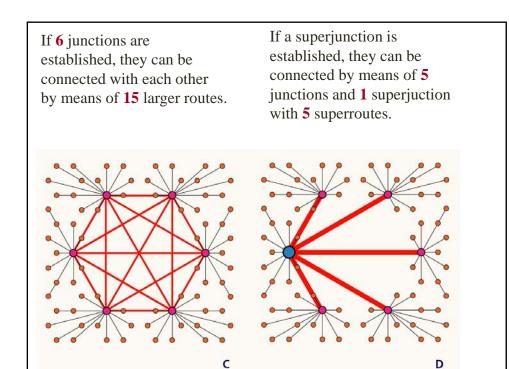
Regionalization

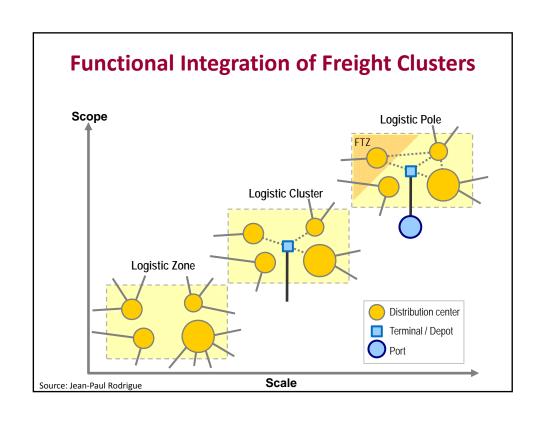
- Rebalancing of the global economy
- Repositioning strategies
- Terminalization (intermodal integration)
- Logistics poles (regional integration)

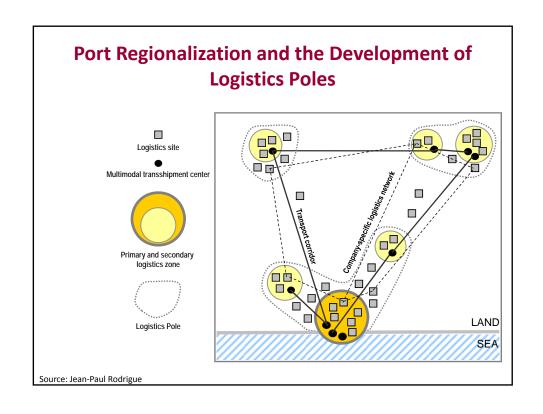


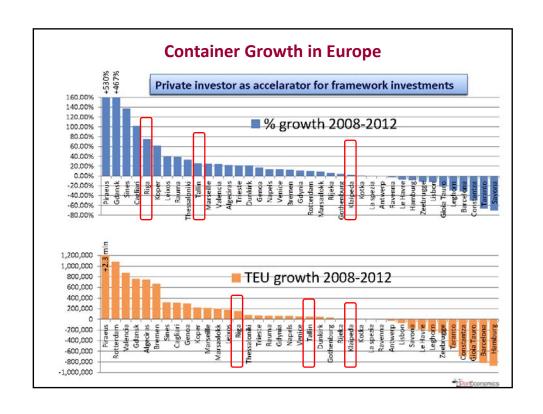


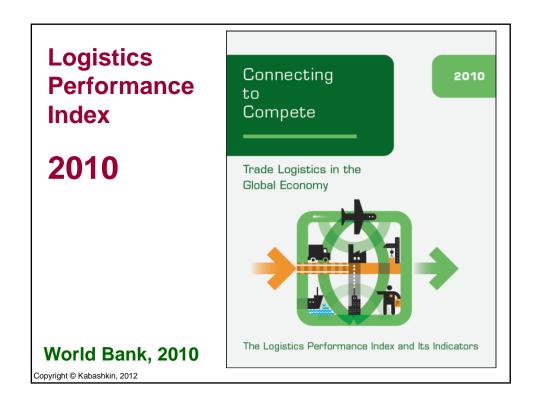


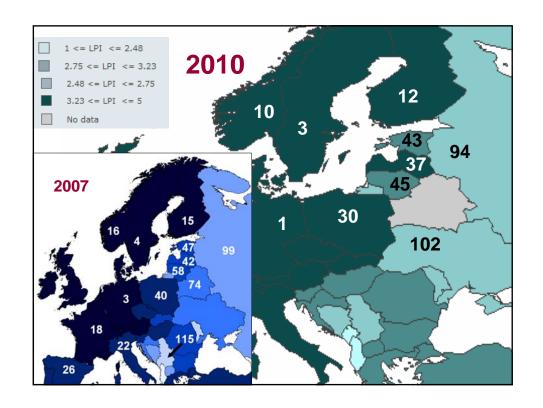




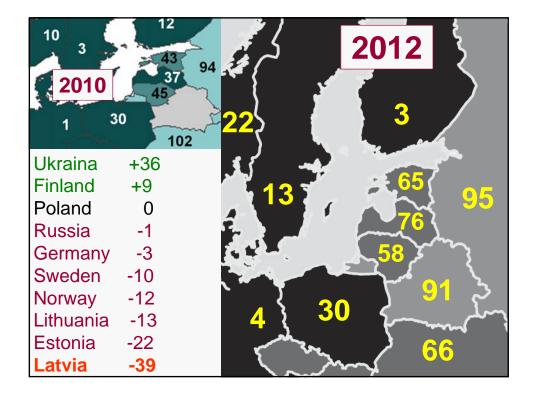




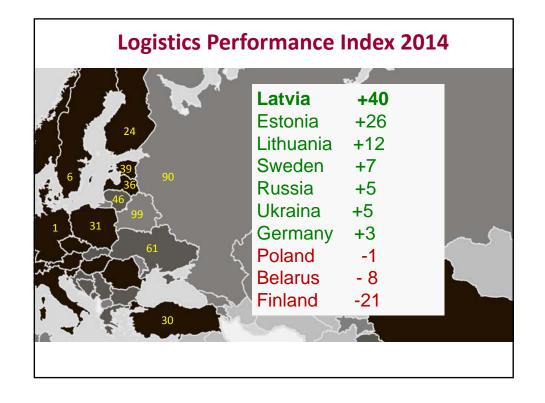


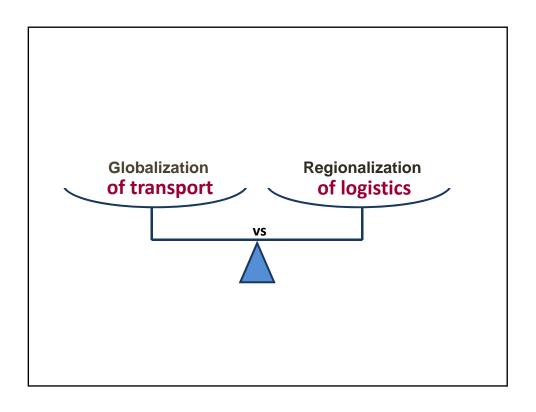


















Igor Kabashkin

Professor, Dr.hab.sc.ing.

Phone: +371-29215392 E-mail: kiv@tsi.lv